

## 2023 Ag Yield Survey Information Sheet

### Overview:

Collecting information on the 2023 crop year: acres planted, acres to be harvested, expected yield, hay production, current stocks, irrigated/non-irrigated crops, single/double cropped, harvest complete. This information varies by month, commodity, and state. Survey is conducted in all states except for Alaska and Hawaii

### Purpose:

- The purpose of our Ag Yield surveys is to provide accurate estimates on yield and production.
- Producers use the information when developing marketing plans for their operations.
- Enables the industry to forecast transportation and storage requirements and evaluate export potential.
- USDA agencies use the information to determine crop insurance and disaster aid payments along with other program benefits.
- Congress relies on current yield and production data in formulating farm legislation.

### Crops Asked:

- Small Grains (May – August):
  - Winter wheat-planted early fall of the previous year
    - Acres planted for all purposes (previous year)
  - Durum Wheat, Other Spring Wheat (other than Durum), Barley, & Oats
- Hay Production & Stocks (May, August, & October):
  - Dry hay produced in 2021 and amount still on hand.
    - Regardless of when or where it was produced.
  - All Hay, Alfalfa, & Other Hay
- Tobacco (July – October):
  - 6 types
- Row Crops (August – November):
  - Corn, Pima & Upland Cotton, Dry Edible Beans, Peanuts, Rice, Soybeans, Sorghum, Sugarcane, Canola, & Sunflower (oil/non-oil)

### Things to Remember:

- Small Grains/Row Crops: asking for acres harvested for grain or seed only
  - Exclude any other uses (silage, haylage, cover crop, etc.)
- Dry Hay: asking for dry hay ONLY
  - Exclude haylage and green chop
  - Looking for the *Total* expected yields for the entire year, not just what has been harvested to point in time.

### Definitions:

- Cropland – land which can produce a crop for harvest.
- Irrigated – cropland that normally receives or has the potential to receive water by artificial means to supplement natural rainfall.
- Double Cropped – two (or more) different crops grown and harvested or to be harvested from the same area in one growing season.